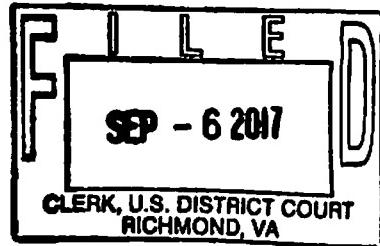


**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA  
Richmond Division**



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA )  
v. )  
ANTOINE L. HENDERSON, )  
Petitioner. )  
Criminal No. 3:07CR413-HEH

**MEMORANDUM OPINION**  
**(Denying 28 U.S.C. § 2255 Motion)**

Petitioner, a federal inmate proceeding *pro se*, submitted this motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (“§ 2255 Motion”) to vacate, set aside, or correct his sentence. Petitioner asserts that, in light of the Supreme Court’s recent decision in *Johnson v. United States*, 135 S. Ct. 2551 (2015), his enhanced sentence under the United States Sentencing Guidelines (“USSG”) as a career offender is unconstitutional.<sup>1</sup> “Recently, the Supreme Court concluded that the Guidelines are not subject to a vagueness challenge under the Due Process Clause. . . . *Johnson’s* vagueness holding does not apply to the residual clause in [USSG] § 4B1.2(a)(2).” *United States v. Lee*, 855 F.3d 244, 246–47 (4th Cir.

<sup>1</sup> As the Supreme Court has noted,

[u]nder the Armed Career Criminal Act [“ACCA”] of 1984, a defendant convicted of being a felon in possession of a firearm faces more severe punishment if he has three or more previous convictions for a “violent felony,” a term defined to include any felony that “*involves conduct that presents a serious potential risk of physical injury to another.*”

*Johnson*, 135 S. Ct. at 2555 (emphasis added) (quoting 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)(B)). This part of the definition of violent felony “ha[s] come to be known as the Act’s residual clause.” *Id.* The *Johnson* Court held “that imposing an increased sentence under the residual clause of the [ACCA] violates the Constitution’s guarantee of due process.” *Id.* at 2563.

2017) (citation omitted). Thus, Petitioner's claim lacks merit. Accordingly, the Government's Motion to Dismiss (ECF No. 60) will be granted. The § 2255 Motion (ECF No. 54) will be denied. The action will be dismissed, and the Court will deny a certificate of appealability.

An appropriate Order shall issue.



/s/  
HENRY E. HUDSON  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Date: Sept. 6, 2017  
Richmond, Virginia